711017 (3/12/85) Hanashima Cont. of 656731

WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

A 7 peta-(carboxyalkenoylamino)-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid compound represented by following formula and its

R-C-CONH-R2-COOR3

(wherein R is aryl or a heterocyclic group;

R1 is hydrogen or halogen;

derivatives:

R² is a single bond, alkylene, or thiaalkylene;

R3 is a hydrogen atom, salt forming atom or group, or ester forming group;

R* is hydrogen or methoxy;

R⁵ is hydrogen or a 3-substituent of cephalosporins;

 R^6 is a hydrogen atom, salt forming atom or group, or ester forming group; and

X is oxygen, sulfur, or sulfinyl,

with the proviso that when R2 is thiaalkylene, R1 is halogen).

- A compound claimed in Claim 1 wherein 7-acylamido double bond has amido and carboxylic substituents in cis position.
- A compound claimed in Claim 1 wherein R is phenyl, furyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, or thiadiazolyl, especially that wherein R is optionally protected aminoisoxazolyl, aminothiazolyl, or aminothiadiazolyl.
 - A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R is optionally

protected aminothiazolyl.

- 5. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R¹ is hydrogen or chlorine.
- 6. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R² is optionally branched 1 to 3C alkylene.
 - 7. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R' is hydrogen.
- 8. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R⁵ is hydrogen, vinyl, cyanovinyl, trifluoropropenyl, acetoxymethyl, carbamoyloxymethyl, triazolylthiomethyl, methyltetrazolylthiomethyl, or thiadiazolylthiomethyl optionally substituted by amino, aminomethyl, or methyl.
- 9. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R³ and/or R6 is hydrogen, alkali metal, or a pharmacetutically acceptable ester
 group.
- 10. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R³ and/or R⁵ is an alkyl or aralkyl ester-forming group.
 - 11. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein X is sulfur
- 12. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 that is one selected from the group constisting of :
- 7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
- 7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
- 3-methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
- 7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]3-vinyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,

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7beta [2-(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-tr\fluoropropenyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2\(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-acetoxymethy1-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-carbam byloxymethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-methoxymethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-am/inothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-methylthiomethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-cyanomethylthiomethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-pyridinioethy1-3-cephem-4-carboxylate,
7beta-[2-(2-aminoth az ol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-triazolylthiomethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-thiadiazolylthiomethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazb1-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-methyltetrazolylthiomethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazo1-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-methoxy-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
   3-chloro-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,
7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4\sqrt{y1})-4-carboxy-2-butenoylamino]-
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3-fl\u00e4oroethylthio-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,

7beta-[2\(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-butenoylaminol-

3-trifluoroethylthio-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,

7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-5-carboxy-2-pentenoylamino]-

3-cephem 4-carboxylic acid,

7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-6-carboxy-2-hexenoylamino]-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,

7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-y1)-4-carboxy-2-pentenoylamino]3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid,

7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-4-methyl-2-penten-oylamino]-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid, and

7beta-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-4-carboxy-3-chloro-2-buten-oylamino]-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid.

and its salt and esters.

13. A process for preparing a compound as claimed in Claim 1 which comprises amidating 7beta-amino-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid derivative represented by the following formula:

(wherein R*, R5, R6, and X are as defined in Claim 1) or its reactive derivative with carboxyalkenoic acid represented by the following formula:

RCCOOTH || CR1-R2-COOR3

(wherein R, \mathbb{R}^1 , \mathbb{R}^2 , and \mathbb{R}^3 are as defined in Claim 1) or its reactive derivative.

14. A process for preparing a salt as claimed in Claim 1 which comprises neutralizing a 7beta-(carboxyalkenoylamino)-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid represented by the following formula:

(wherein R, R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , and X are as defined in Claim 1 provided that at least one of R^3 and R^6 are hydrogen) or its reactive derivative with a base.

- 15. A process for preparing a compound as claimed in Claim 1 which comprises introducing a 3-function in a conventional manner selected from 3 double bond introduction by basic or thermal elimination of the corresponding 3-(hydroxy, acyloxy, or halo)cepham, sulfoxide reduction, reduction of 3-(halo or 3-sulfonyloxy)cephem, and displacement of 3-(leaving groupsubstituted)methyl-3-cephem with the corresponding nucleophilic reagent.
- 16. A process for preparing a compound as claimed in Claim 1 which comprises deprotecting a protected amino or protected carboxy of protected 7beta-(carboxyalkenoylamino)-3-cephem-

4-carboxylic acid represented by the following formula:

(wherein R, R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^6 , and X are as defined in Claim 1 provided that at least one of R, R^3 , R^5 , and R^5 is protected) or its reactive derivative in a conventional manner.

- 17. An antibacterial composition comprising an effective amount of the compound as claimed in Claim 9 and conventional carrier.
- 18. A method for combating bacteria which comprises bringing an effective amount of the compound as claimed in Claim 9 to contact with the bacteria.
 - 19. A compound represented by the following formula:

RCCOOR⁶

(wherein R, R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^6 , are as defined in Claim 1).

- 20. A compound claimed in Claim 19 wherein R is aminothiazolyl optionally protected by benzyloxycarbonyl, t-butoxycarbonyl, methylbenzyloxycarbonyl formyl, chloroacetyl, or benzal.
- 21. A compound as claimed in Claim 19 wherein R¹ is hydrogen.
 - 22. A compound as claimed in Chaim 19 wherein R2 is 1 to 3C

optionally branched alkylene.

- 23. A compound as claimed in Claim 22 wherein R² is methylene.
- 24. A compound as claimed in Claim 19 wherein R³ is hydrogen, methyl, t-butyl, benzyl, methylbenzyl, p-methoxy-benzyl, or p-nitrobenzyl.
- 25. A compound as claimed in Claim 19 wherein R⁶ is hydrogen, diphenylmethyl, or p-methoxybenzyl.
- 26. A process for preparing a compound as claimed in Claim
 19, which comprises subjecting an oxalate of the following formula:

R-CO-COORS

(wherein R and R⁶ are as defined in Claim 1) to the Wittig type reaction by treating with an alkylidene-phosphorane of the following formula:

 $Ar_3P = CR - R^2 - COOR^3$

(wherein R^1 , R^2 , and R^3 are as defined in Claim 1 and Ar is aryl)

in an inert solvent at 50°C to 120°C for 10 minutes to 10 hours.

27. A process for preparing a compound as claimed in Claim 19, which comprises subjecting a formyl oxalate of the following formula:

R-CH-COOR⁶ CHO (wherein R and R⁶ are as defined in Claim 1) or its acetal to the Wittig type reaction by treating with an alkylidenephosphorane of the following formula:

 $Ar_3P = CH-R^2 \circ -COOR^3$

(wherein Ar and R^3 are as defined in Claim 26, and R^{20} is a single bond or 1 to 3C alkylene) in an inert solvent at 50°C to 120°C for 10 minutes to 10

in an inert solvent at 50°C to 120°C for 10 minutes to 10 hours.

28. A process for preparing a compound as claimed in Claim 19, which comprises deprotecting the carboxy-protecting group R3 or R6 to give a compound of the following formula:

R-C-GOOR 6 || CR¹+R²-COOR³

(wherein R, R^1 , R^2 are as defined in Claim 1, and one or both of R^3 and R^6 are hydrogen)

by treating with acid, Lewis acid and cation scavenger, base, or hydrogen and catalyst in an inert solvent at -50°C to 100°C for 1/6 to 10 hours.